

Instructions for Authors

“JURNAL RESPIROLOGI INDONESIA” is a three-monthly journal publication that publishes original articles relevant to respiratory health.

Paper Submission

1. The submitted paper must never be published in other journals. Paper that has been presented orally, could be submitted by putting foot-notes on the first-page regarding time and place it was presented
2. “Jurnal Respirologi Indonesia” publishes research reports, case reports, literature reviews, information on science development and other scientific papers.
3. All papers submitted to the editors will be selected and edited by the editors. If revision of the contents is needed, the paper will be returned to the authors.
4. All papers, pictures/photos submitted to the editors will belong to the editors and will not be returned to the authors. The submitted paper should be accompanied by a cover letter, stating names of authors and the highest academic degree obtained, institutions of the authors, name and address for correspondence, phone and facsimile numbers and e-mail address. The cover letter should be signed by the author.
5. Original paper and one copy of all paper including pictures/photos and diskettes should be submitted. Write names of the computer programs used and names of the files on the diskette label.

Paper Preparation

1. Paper including tables, pictures and references should be typed with 1.5 space on A4 paper (21.5 x 28 cm) with distances from left and right ends of 2.5 cm. The first page should be started with a title, followed by names of authors and their institutions and then the text. Each page should be numbered consecutively starting from the first page up to the last page.
2. The title should be brief and clear, with no more

than 20 words.

3. Abstract of research article and case report should be made short and clear, but it should be precise with enough information for the reader to understand the main points in the paper without having to read the whole article. Abstract should be written in Indonesian and English with no more than 200 words, and it is written in paragraph form. Each paragraph contains meaning, message or unified expression, built on sentences. For research article, the abstract should include objectives, methods, main findings and main conclusions.
4. Keywords that will assist indexers in cross-indexing the article, generally consists of 3-5 specific words. Keywords are written on the same page (below of) the abstract.
5. Paper should be organized under suitable headings. Scientific article should follow IMRAD (Introduction, Methods, Results and Discussion) and followed by acknowledgement and references. The literature review, in general, should be organized as introduction, the text, closing and references; with the framework of the text could be adjusted to the topic. Case report should be organized as follows: introduction, background, the case, discussion, conclusion and references.
6. Tables should be numbered consecutively and provided with a brief title. Explanation and unfamiliar abbreviations on the table should be written as footnotes. If table is copied from other published paper; it should be explained as: copied from (names of authors and number in the references), and written permission from the publisher.
7. Pictures should be made professionally, photographed with sharp and clear printing on the glossy paper, black and white. If the pictures/graph / illustration have been previously published, it should be written: copied from (names of authors and references/ number in the list of references), accompanied with written permission from the publisher. Each picture should be explained in the back regarding number of the

pictures in accordance with the text, name/title of the picture, names of authors.

8. References.

The number of references should not exceed 20. References should follow the Vancouver style, numbered consecutively in the order of their appearance in the text. Reference numbers in the text are written in details as references, written as superscript, after punctuation marks (period, comma, etc.). In references, list all names of authors, except if more than six persons, write as follows: names of the first six, followed by et al. Avoid using references as abstract or personal communication. If using references that is still in the process of publication, add "in press". Principally, references should be followed the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors, that is Vancouver style, that was revised in 1997, and could be written in British medical Journal vol. 314, 5th January 1997.

The examples of references :

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Francisco RC, Grimaldo ER, Rivera AB, Bautista TL, Co VM. Multidrug resistant Mycobacterium

tuberculosis; Role of the fluoroquinolones. *JAMA* 1994;10 Suppl:592-5

Burlein JE, Stover CK, Offutt S, Hanson MS. Expression of foreign genes in Mycobacteria. In: Bloom BR ed. *Tuberculosis. Pathogenesis, protection and control.* Washington DC: American Society for Microbiology Press; 1994.p.239-52.

National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute. International consensus report on diagnosis and treatment of asthma. Bethesda, Maryland: US Department of Health and Human Services; 1992.

Leshner AL. Molecular mechanisms of cocaine addiction. *N Engl J med.* In press 1996.

Morse SS. Factors in the emergence of infectious diseases. *Emerg Infect Dis* [serial online] 1995 Jan-Mar [cited 1996 Jun 5];1(1):[24 screens]. Available from: URL:<http://www.cdc.gov/ncidol/EID/eid.htm>.

Hemodynamics III: the ups and downs of hemodynamics [computer program]. Version 2.2. Orlando (FL): Computerized Educational Systems; 1993.